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Question Paper Code: 42764

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2018

First Semester
Civil Engineering
MA 2111 - MATHEMATICS - I
(Common to all Branches)
(Regulations 2008)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

 ${\bf Answer ALL \, questions.}$

PART - A

 $(10\times2=20 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Find the sum and product of the Eigen values of the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$.
- 2. Use Cayley-Hamilton theorem to find the inverse of the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 3 \\ 2 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$.
- 3. Find the equation of the sphere whose centre is (1, 2, 3) and which touches the plane 2x + 2y z = 2.
- 4. Find the equation of the right circular cone whose vertex is the origin and axis is the positive z-axis.
- 5. Define Radius of curvature of a curve.
- 6. Find the envelope of the family of lines $y = mx + \frac{a}{m}$, m being a parameter.
- 7. If $u = xy \log (xy)$, express du in terms of dx and dy.
- 8. State any two properties of Jacobians.

- 9. Find the limits of integration in the double integral $\iint f(x,y) dxdy$, where R is in the first quadrant and bounded by x = 0, y = x and y = 1.
- 10. Sketch roughly the region of integration for the integral

$$\int_0^b \int_0^{\frac{a}{b}(b-y)} f(x,y) dx dy.$$

(5×16=80 Marks)

(10)

11. a) i) Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -2 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{6}$$

ii) Verify if the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$ satisfies its own characteristic

(OR)

Find the canonical form of the quadratic expression:

$$2x_1^2 + 2x_2^2 + 2x_3^2 - 2x_1x_2 - 2x_2x_3 + 2x_1x_3.$$
(16)

- 12. a) i) Find the equation of the cone whose vertex is (3, 1, 2) and the base curve is $2x^2 + 3y^2 = 1$ and z = 1. The second substitute is the solution of the probability
 - ii) Find the equation of the sphere passing through the circle given by $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 3x + y + 4z - 3 = 0$; $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2x + 3y + 6 = 0$ and the point (1, -2, 3).

- i) Find the equation of the right circular cylinder of radius 3 units whose axis is the line $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-3}{2} = \frac{z-5}{-1}$.
 - ii) Find the equation of sphere having the circle. $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 10y - 4z - 8 = 0$, x + y + z = 3 as a great circle.

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(8)

- 13. a) i) Find the equation of the circle of curvature of the curve $x^3 + y^3 = 3$ axy at **(10)** the point $\left(\frac{3a}{2}, \frac{3a}{2}\right)$
 - ii) Find the envelope of the family of lines $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 1$, where the parameters "a" (6)and "b" are connected by the relation $ab = c^2$.
 - (OR) i) Find the radius of curvature at (a, 0) on the curve $xy^2 = a^3 - x^3$. **(6)**
 - ii) Find the evolutes of the hyperbola $\frac{x^2}{a^2} \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$. (10)
- 14. a) i) Expand $xy^2 + 2x 3y$ in powers of (x + 2) and (y 1) upto the third degree (8)
 - ii) Examine the function $x^3 + y^3 = 3axy$ for its extreme values. (8)
 - b) i) Examine the functional dependence of the functions $u = \frac{x+y}{x-y}$ and
 - $v = \frac{xy}{(x-y)^2}$. If they are dependent, find the relation between them. **(6)**
 - ii) A rectangular box, open at the top, is to have a volume of 32 cc. Find the dimensions of the box, that requires the least material for its construction. (10)
- 15. a) i) Change the order of integration in $\int_{0}^{2a} \int_{\frac{x^{2}}{2}}^{a} (x+y) dxdy$ and then evaluate it. (8)
 - ii) Evaluate $\iiint \sqrt{1-x^2-y^2-z^2} dx dy dz$, where V is taken through the volume of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$.

b) i) Transform the double integral $\int_{0}^{2a} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{2ax-x^2}} \frac{x \, dx dy}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}$ in polar coordinates and

then evaluate it.

ii) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\log 2} \int_{0}^{x} \int_{0}^{x+y} e^{x+y+z} dxdydz$