Reg. No.:

## Question Paper Code: 31519

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JANUARY 2014.

First Semester

Civil Engineering

MA 2111/MA 12/080030001 — MATHEMATICS — I

(Common to All Branches)

(Regulation 2008)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A —  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 1. The product of two eigenvalues of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  is 16. Find the third eigenvalue.
- 2. Discuss the nature of the quadratic form  $2x^2 + 3y^2 + 2z^2 + 2xy$ .
- 3. Find the centre and radius of the sphere  $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 2z^2 + 6x 6y + 8z + 9 = 0.$
- 4. Prove that the equation  $x^2 2y^2 + 3z^2 + 5yz 6zx 4xy + 8x 19y 2z 20 = 0$  represents a cone with vertex (1, -2, 3).
- 5. Find the radius of curvature of the curve  $xy = c^2$  at (c, c).
- 6. Find the envelope of the lines  $\frac{x}{a}\cos\theta + \frac{y}{b}\sin\theta = 1$ ,  $\theta$  being the parameter.
- 7. If  $u = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{x^3 + y^3}{x y} \right)$ , prove that  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \sin 2u$ .

- 8. Find the Taylor series expansion of  $x^y$  near the point (1,1) upto the first degree terms.
- 9. Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{\pi} \int_{0}^{\sin \theta} r dr d\theta$ .
- 10. Change the order of integration in  $\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{2\sqrt{x}} f(x, y) dy dx$ .

PART B — 
$$(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$$

- 11. (a) (i) Find the eigenvalues and the eigenvectors of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}.$ (8)
  - (ii) Using Cayley-Hamilton theorem find  $A^{-1}$  for the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$  (8)

Or

- (b) Reduce the quadratic form  $Q = 3x^2 3y^2 5z^2 2xy 6yz 6xz$  to its canonical form using orthogonal transformation. Also find its rank, index and signature. (16)
- 12. (a) (i) Find the centre and radius of the circle given by  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2x 2y + 4z 19 = 0$  and x + 2y + 2z + 7 = 0. (8)
  - (ii) Find the equation of the cone whose vertex is the point (1,1,0) and whose base in the curve y = 0,  $x^2 + z^2 = 4$ . (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Find the condition that the plane lx + my + nz = p may be a tangent plane to the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2ux + 2vy + 2wz + d = 0$ . (8)
  - (ii) Find the equation of the right circular cylinder which passes through the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$ , x + y + z = 3. (8)

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- 13. (a) (i) Prove that for the curve  $y = \frac{ax}{a+x}$ ,  $\left(\frac{2\rho}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} = \left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^2$ . (8)
  - (ii) Find the envelope of the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  where a and b are connected by the relation  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ , c being a constant. (8)
  - (b) (i) Obtain the equation of the evolute of the curve  $x = a(\cos \theta + \theta \sin \theta), y = a(\sin \theta \theta \cos \theta).$  (8)
    - (ii) Prove that the radius of curvature of the curve  $xy^2 = a^3 x^3$  at the point (a, 0) is  $\frac{3a}{2}$ . (8)
- 14. (a) (i) If z = f(x, y) and  $x = r \cos \theta$ ,  $y = r \sin \theta$  prove that  $\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial r}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{r^2} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial \theta}\right)^2.$  (8)
  - (ii) Discuss the maxima and minima of  $f(x, y) = x^2 + xy + y^2 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y}$ . (8)

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- (b) (i) If  $y_1 = \frac{x_2 x_3}{x_1}$ ,  $y_2 = \frac{x_3 x_1}{x_2}$ ,  $y_3 = \frac{x_1 x_2}{x_3}$  prove that  $\frac{\partial (y_1, y_2, y_3)}{\partial (x_1, x_2, x_3)} = 4$ . (6)
  - (ii) A rectangular box open at the top is to have a capacity of 108 cu.ms. Find the dimensions of the box requiring the least material for its construction. (10)
- 15. (a) (i) Evaluate  $\iint xydxdy$  over the region in the positive quadrant bounded by  $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 1$ . (6)
  - (ii) Find the value of  $\iiint xyzdxdydz$  through the positive spherical octant for which  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le a^2$ . (10)
  - (b) (i) Change the order of integration in  $\int_{0}^{a} \int_{y}^{a} \frac{x}{x^{2} + y^{2}} dy dx$  and hence evaluate it. (8)

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(ii) Evaluate, by changing to polar co-ordinates, the integral  $\int_{0}^{4a} \int_{\frac{y^2}{4a}}^{y} \frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2} dx dy.$  (8)

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