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## Question Paper Code: 41307

## B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2018

Second Semester
Mechanical Engineering
MA 6251 – MATHEMATICS – II

(Common to Mechanical Engineering (Sandwich)/Aeronautical Engineering/ Agriculture Engineering/Automobile Engineering/Biomedical Engineering/ Civil Engineering/Computer Science and Engineering/Computer and Communication Engineering/Electrical and Electronics Engineering/Electronics and Communication Engineering/Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering/ Environmental Engineering/Geoinformatics Engineering/Industrial Engineering/ Industrial Engineering and Management/Instrumentation and Control Engineering/Manufacturing Engineering/Materials Science and Engineering/ Mechanical and Automation Engineering/Mechatronics Engineering/Medical Electronics/Petrochemical Engineering/Production Engineering/Robotics and Automation Engineering/(Common to all Branches except Marine Engg.)/Bio Technology/Chemical Engineering/Chemical and Electrochemical Engineering/ Fashion Technology/Food Technology/Handloom and Textile Technology/ Information Technology/Petrochemical Technology/Petroleum Engineering/ Pharmaceutical Technology/Plastic Technology/Polymer Technology/Textile Chemistry/Textile Technology/Textile Technology (Fashion Technology) (Regulations 2013)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART - A

(10×2=20 Marks)

- 1. In what direction from (-1, 1, 2) is the directional derivative of  $\phi = xy^2z^3$  a maximum?
- 2. Find the value of 'a' for the vector  $\vec{F} = (2x^2y + yz)\vec{i} + (xy^2 xz^2)\vec{j} + (axyz 2x^2y^2)\vec{k}$  to be solenoidal.
- 3. Find the complementary function  $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} 3\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dx} 2y = 0$ .
- 4. Write the general form of Cauchy's homogeneous linear equation.

(8)

- 5. If  $f(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 3, 0 < t < 2 \\ -1, 2 < t < 4 \\ 0, t \ge 4 \end{bmatrix}$ , find L[f(t)].
- 6. State and prove change of scale property.
- 7. Verify whether  $w = (x^2 y^2 2xy) + ix^2 y^2 + 2xy$  is an analytic function of z = x + iy.
- 8. Define conformal mapping.
- 9. Evaluate  $\int_{C} (z^2 z + 1) dz$  where C is the circle |z| = 2.
- 10. Write the Laurent's series expansion.

PART – B

(5×16=80 Marks)

(8)

- 11. a) i) Prove that div grad  $r^n = n(n+1)r^{n-2}$ .
  - ii) Find the work done in moving a particle in the force field  $\vec{F} = 3x^2 \vec{i} + (2xz y) \vec{j} + z \vec{k}$  along the straight line from (0, 0, 0) to (2, 1, 3). (8)
  - b) i) Evaluate  $\oint [xy + x^2] dx + [x^2 + y^2] dy$  where c is the square formed by the lines x = 1, x = -1, y = 1, y = -1 using Green's theorem in the plane. (6)
  - ii) Verify Stoke's theorem for  $\vec{F} = y^2 \vec{i} + y \vec{j} xz \vec{k}$  over the upper half of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ ,  $z \ge 0$ . (10)
- 12. a) i) Solve:  $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \log x \sin(\log x)$ . (8)
  - ii) Solve by the method of variation of parameters  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = \frac{e^x}{1 + e^x}$  (8)

    (OR)
  - b) i) Solve  $(3x+2)^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3(3x+2)\frac{dy}{dx} 36y = 3x^2 + 4x + 1$ . (8)
    - ii) Solve the system of equations  $\frac{dx}{dt} + 2y = -\sin t$ ;  $\frac{dy}{dt} 2x = \cos t$ . (8)

- 13. a) i) Find the Laplace transform of e<sup>-t</sup> t<sup>2</sup> sin 2t.
  - ii) Obtain the Laplace transform of the periodic saw-tooth wave function given by  $f(t) = \frac{kt}{\omega}$  for  $0 < t < \omega$ , and  $f(t + \omega) = f(t)$ . (8)
  - b) i) Using convolution theorem, find  $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^3(s+1)}\right\}$ . (8)
    - ii) Solve  $(D^2 D 2)$  y = 20 sin2t given that y = -1, Dy = 2 when t = 0 by using Laplace transform methods. (8)
- 14. a) i) Find the harmonic conjugate of the function  $v(x, y) = e^{x} [x \sin y + y \cos y]$  if f(z) = u + iv. (8)
  - ii) Construct the analytic function  $f(z)=u(r,\theta)+iv(r,\theta)$ . Given that  $u(r,\theta)=r^2\cos2\theta-r\cos\theta+2\,. \tag{8}$  (OR)
  - b) i) Find the image of the line y = 3x + 1 under the transformation  $w = z^2$ . (6)
    - ii) Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points z = 1, i, -1 into the points w = i, 0, -i. Hence find the image of |z| < 1. (10)
- 15. a) i) Evaluate  $\int_C \frac{z-1}{(z+1)^2(z-2)} dz$  where C is the circle |z-i|=2 by Cauchy's Integral Formula. (8)
  - ii) Find the Taylor's series expansion for the function  $f(z) = \frac{1}{(1+z)^2}$  about z = -i. (8)

(OR)

- b) i) Using Cauchy's residue theorem, evaluate  $C \int_{c} \frac{4-3z}{z(z-1)(z-2)} dz$  where C is the circle  $|z| = \frac{3}{2}$ . (8)
  - ii) Prove that  $\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{2 + \cos \theta} = \frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{3}}$  using contour integration. (8)