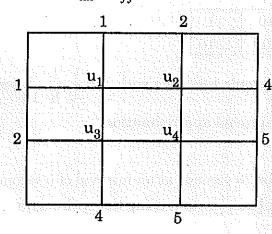


- 15. a) i) Solve the equation y'' = x + y with boundary conditions y(0) = y(1) = 0 with h = 1/4. (8)
  - ii) Evaluate the pivotal values of  $u_{tt} = 16u_{xx}$  taking  $\Delta x = 1$  upto t = 1.25. The boundary conditions are

$$u(0, t) = u(5, t) = 0, u_t(x, 0) = 0 \text{ and } u(x, 0) = x^2(5 - x).$$
 (8)

b) i) Solve  $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$  for the following square mesh. (8)



ii) Using Crank-Nicolson scheme for solving  $u_t = u_{xx}$ ,  $0 \le x \le 1$ ,  $t \ge 0$  subject to  $u(x, 0) = \sin \pi x$ ,  $0 \le x \le 1$ , u(0, t) = u(1, t) = 0, t > 0. Take  $\Delta x = 1/3$  and  $\Delta t = 1/36$ .

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## Question Paper Code: 91787

## B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2019 Fourth/Fifth/Sixth/Seventh Semester

Civil Engineering
MA 6459 – NUMERICAL METHODS

(Common to Aeronautical Engineering/Agriculture Engineering/Electrical and Electronics Engineering/Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering/Geoinformatics Engineering/Instrumentation and Control Engineering/Manufacturing Engineering/Mechanical and Automation Engineering/Petrochemical Engineering/Production Engineering/Chemical Engineering/Chemical Engineering/Chemical and Electrochemical Engineering/Handloom and Textile Technology/Petrochemical Technology/Plastic Technology/Polymer Technology/Textile Chemistry/Textile Technology)

(Regulations 2013)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART – A

 $(10\times2=20 \text{ Marks})$ 

- 1. State the convergence criterion for fixed point iteration.
- 2. What is diagonal dominance?
- 3. Construct the Newton's backward difference table for the following data:

| x    | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4  | 5  |
|------|---|---|---|----|----|
| f(x) | 2 | 5 | 7 | 14 | 32 |

- 4. State Newton's divided difference interpolation formula.
- 5. Write down the formula upto the fourth order differences for finding  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  at any point using Newton's forward interpolation formula.
- 6. State the three-point Gaussian quadrature formula.
- 7. What is the difference between an initial value problem and a final value problem?

(16)

- 8. State Adams-Bashforth predictor corrector formulae.
- 9. State the Bender-Schmidt scheme for solving one-dimensional heat conduction equation.
- 10. State the standard five-point formula for solving Poisson equation.

 $(5\times16=80 \text{ Marks})$ 

11. a) i) Using Power method, find the numerically largest eigenvalue and

the corresponding eigenvector of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ . Start with

an initial approximation for the eigenvector as (8)

ii) Using Gauss-Seidel method, solve the system of equations and obtain the solution correct to four decimal places.

$$8x - 3y + 2z = 20$$
;  $4x + 11y - z = 33$ ;  $6x + 3y + 12z = 35$  (8)

b) i) Find the inverse of  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  using Gauss Jordan method. (8)

- ii) Find the real root of  $xe^x 2 = 0$  correct to 3 decimal places using (8) Newton Raphson method.
- 12. a) i) Using Lagrange's formula, express the function  $\frac{6x}{(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)}$ a sum of partial fractions. (8)
  - ii) From the following table, estimate the number of students who obtained (8) marks between 40 and 45.

| Marks (out<br>of 100) | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60.70 | 70-80 |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Number of<br>Students | 81    | 42    | 51    | 35    | 31    |

(OR)

b) Fit a natural cubic spline for the following data and hence evaluate y(1.5)and y'(3)

| Х | 1 | 2 | ფ | 4  |
|---|---|---|---|----|
| у | 1 | 2 | 5 | 11 |

13. a) i) Using Newton's divided difference formula, find the values of f'(8) (8) and f"(9) from the following data:

| х    | 4  | 5   | 7   | 10  | 11   |
|------|----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| f(x) | 48 | 100 | 294 | 900 | 1210 |

- ii) Compute  $I = \int_{0}^{1/2} \frac{x dx}{\sin x}$  using Simpson's  $1/3^{rd}$  rule with  $h = \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{16}$  and apply (8) Romberg's method to obtain improved approximation. (OR)
- b) i) Given the velocity of a particle for 20 seconds at an interval of 5 seconds as **(8)** in the table below, find the initial acceleration using the entire data:

| time t (sec)          | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20  |
|-----------------------|---|---|----|----|-----|
| velocity v<br>(m/sec) | 0 | 3 | 14 | 69 | 228 |

- ii) Using trapezoidal rule, evaluate  $I = \int_{1}^{2} \int_{1}^{2} \frac{dxdy}{x+y}$  using four sub-intervals (8) in each direction.
- 14. a) i) Using the method of Taylor's series upto fourth order, find y at x = 1.1and x = 1.2 given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y^2$ , y(1) = 2. (8)
  - ii) Using Milne's predictor-corrector method, solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x y^{a}$ , y(0) = 0 for y(0.8)given  $y(0.2) \equiv 0.02$ ,  $y(0.4) \equiv 0.0795$  and  $y(0.6) \equiv 0.1762$ . (8)
  - b) i) Find the values of y(0.2) and y(0.4) using Runge-Kutta fourth order method with h = 0.2 given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{x^8 + y}, y(0) = 0.8$ . (10)
    - ii) Given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y x^2 + 1$ , y(0) = 0.5, find y(0.2) by modified Euler's method. (6)