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Reg. No. :

Question Paper Code : 53248

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2019.

Third Semester

Civil Engineering

MA 6351 — TRANSFORMS AND PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

(Common to Mechanical Engineering (Sandwich)/Aeronautical Engineering/Agriculture Engineering/Automobile Engineering/Biomedical Engineering/Computer Science and Engineering/Computer and Communication Engineering/Electrical and Electronics Engineering/Electronics and Communication Engineering/Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering/Geoinformatics Engineering/Industrial Engineering/ Industrial Engineering and Management/Instrumentation and Control Engineering/Manufacturing Engineering/Marine Engineering/Materials Science and Engineering/Mechanical Engineering/Mechanical and Automation Engineering/Mechatronics Engineering/Medical Electronics/Petrochemical Engineering/Production Engineering/Robotics and Automation Engineering/Bio Technology/Chemical Engineering/Chemical and Electrochemical Engineering/Food Technology/Information Technology/Petrochemical Technology/Petroleum Engineering/Plastic Technology/Polymer Technology)

(Regulation 2013)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — (10 × 2 = 20 marks)

1. Form the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function f from $z = f\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$.
2. Find the complete solution of the partial differential equation $\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} = 1$.
3. State Dirichlet condition for existence of Fourier series.
4. If $(\pi - x)^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{3} + 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos nx}{n^2}$, in $0 < x < 2\pi$, then deduce the value of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$.

5. Classify the following partial differential equation $u_{xx} + u_{xy} + u_{yy} = 0$.
6. What are the possible solutions of the one dimensional heat flow equation.
7. Find the Fourier sine transform of e^{-ax} .
8. Define self reciprocal function under Fourier transform with example.
9. Find the Z transform of a constant 'a'.
10. If $Z\{f(n)\} = \frac{z^2}{z^2 + 1}$, then find $f(0)$, using initial value theorem.

PART B — (5 × 16 = 80 marks)

11. (a) (i) Find the singular solution of $z = px + qy + p^2q^2$. (8)
- (ii) Solve $(D^2 - 2DD')z = x^3y + e^{2x}$. (8)
- Or
- (b) (i) Find the complete solution of $p^2 + q^2 = x^2 + y^2$. (8)
- (ii) Find the general solution of $(y - z)p + (z - x)q = (x - y)$. (8)

12. (a) (i) Find the Fourier series of $f(x) = x^2$ in $-\pi < x < \pi$. (8)
- (ii) Find the half range sine series expansion of $x(\pi - x)$ in $0 < x < \pi$. (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Compute the first two harmonics of the Fourier series of $f(x)$ from the table given (8)
- | | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----|---------|----------|-------|----------|----------|--------|
| x | 0 | $\pi/3$ | $2\pi/3$ | π | $4\pi/3$ | $5\pi/3$ | 2π |
| $f(x)$ | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.0 |

- (ii) Obtain the Fourier cosine series expansion of $f(x) = x$ in $0 < x < l$. (8)

13. (a) A tightly stretched string with fixed end points $x = 0$ and $x = l$ is initially at rest in its equilibrium position. If it is set vibrating each point a velocity $3x(l - x)$, find the displacement of the string. (16)

Or

- (b) A rectangular plate with insulated surface is bounded by the lines $x = 0$, $x = a$, $y = 0$ and $y = b$. The temperature along the edge $y = b$ kept at 100°C , while the temperature along the other three edges are at 0°C , find the steady - state temperature at any point in the plate. (16)

14. (a) Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - |x|, & \text{if } |x| < 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$. Hence deduce the values of

(i) $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin^2 t}{t^2} dt,$

(ii) $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin^4 t}{t^4} dt.$ (16)

Or

- (b) (i) Find the Fourier transform of $e^{-a^2x^2}$, where $a > 0$. (8)

(ii) Use transform methods to evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(x^2 + a^2)(x^2 + b^2)}$. (8)

15. (a) (i) Find the inverse Z-transform of $\frac{z^2}{(z - a)^2}$ by using convolution theorem. (8)
- (ii) Solve $u_{n+2} + 6u_{n+1} + 9u_n = 2^n$ with $u_0 = 0$, $u_1 = 0$, by using Z-transforms. (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Find Z-transform of $\frac{1}{n(n+1)}$. (8)

(ii) Find the inverse Z-transform of $\frac{z^2 + z}{(z^2 + 1)(z - 1)}$. (8)