Reg. No.

Question Paper Code : 80608

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2016 Third Semester

Civil Engineering

MA 6351 – TRANSFORMS AND PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

(Common to all branches except Environmental Engineering, Textile Chemistry, Textile Technology, Fashion Technology and Pharmaceutical Technology) (Regulations 2013)

Time : Three hours

Answer ALL questions.

Maximum: 100 marks

PART A —
$$(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 1. Find the PDE of all spheres whose centers lie on the x-axis.
- 2. Find the complete integral of $\frac{z}{pq} = \frac{x}{q} + \frac{y}{p} + \sqrt{pq}$.
- 3. State the Dirichlet's conditions for a function f(x) to be expanded as a Fourier series.
- 4. Expand f(x) = 1, in $(0, \pi)$ as a half-range sine series.
- 5. State the assumptions in deriving one-dimensional wave equation.
- 6. State the three possible solutions of the one-dimensional heat flow (unsteady state) equation.
- 7. State change of scale property on Fourier transforms.
- 8. Find the infinite Fourier sine transform of $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$
- 9. State convolution theorem on Z-transform.
- 10. Find $Z\left[\frac{1}{n(n+1)}\right]$.

(b)

(i)

PART B —
$$(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$$

- 11. (a) (i) Find the partial differential equations of all planes which are at a constant distance k' units from the origin. (8)
 - (ii) Solve the Lagrange's equation $x(z^2-y^2)p+y(x^2-z^2)q=z(y^2-x^2)$.(8)
 - Form the PDE by eliminating the arbitrary functions 'f'

and '
$$\varphi$$
' from the relation $z = x f\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) + y\varphi(x)$. (8)

(ii) Solve
$$(D^2 + DD' - 6D'^2)z = y \cos x$$
. (8)

12. (a) (i) Expand $f(x) = x^2$ as a Fourier series in the interval $(-\pi,\pi)$ and hence deduce that $1 + \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \frac{1}{4^4} + \dots = \frac{\pi^4}{90}$. (8) (ii) Obtain the constant term and the coefficient of the first sine and cosine terms in the Fourier expansion of y as given in the following table:
(8)

interval (0,2).

(a) (i)

15.

(b) (i) Expand
$$f(x) = e^{-ax}, -\pi < x < \pi$$
 as a complex form Fourier series. (8)
(ii) Expand $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 2 - x, & 1 < x < 2 \end{cases}$ as a series of cosines in the

(8)

13. (a) A tightly stretched string of length T with fixed end points is initially at rest in its equilibrium position. If it is set vibrating by giving each point a velocity $y_t(x,0) = v_0 \sin\left(\frac{3\pi x}{l}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi x}{l}\right)$, where 0 < x < l. Find the displacement of the string at a point, at a distance x from one end at any instant 't'. (16)

Or

(b) A square plate is bounded by the lines x=0,x=20, y=0, y=20. Its faces are insulated. The temperature along the upper horizontal edge is given by u(x,20) = x(20-x), 0 < x < 20, while the other three edges are kept at 0°C. Find the steady state temperature distribution u(x, y) in the plate. (16)

14. (a) (i) Find the Fourier transform of
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-|x|, & |x|<1\\ 0, & |x|>1 \end{cases}$$
 and hence

deduce that
$$\int_0^\infty \left[\frac{\sin t}{t}\right]^4 dt = \frac{\pi}{3}$$
. (8)

(ii) Find the infinite Fourier sine transform of $f(x) = \frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$ hence deduce the infinite Fourier sine transform of $\frac{1}{x}$. (8)

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(b) (i) Find the infinite Fourier transform of $e^{-a^2x^2}$ hence deduce the infinite Fourier transform of $e^{-x^2/2}$. (8)

(ii) Solve the integral equation $\int_0^\infty f(x) \cos \lambda x \, dx = e^{-\lambda}$, where $\lambda > 0$. (8)

Find (1) $Z[n^3]$ (2) $Z[e^{-t}t^2]$. (4+4) gz^3

(ii) Evaluate
$$Z^{-1} \left[\frac{9z^3}{(3z-1)^2 (z-2)} \right]$$
, using calculus of residues. (8)
Or

(b) (i) Using convolution theorem, evaluate $Z^{-1}\left[\frac{z^2}{(z-a)(z-b)}\right]$. (8)

(ii) Using Z-transform, solve $y_{n+2} + 6y_{n+1} + 9y_n = 2^n$ given that $y_0 = y_1 = 0$. (8)