Question Paper Code: 31522

Reg. No. :

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2013.

Third Semester

Civil Engineering

MA 2211/MA 31/MA 1201 A/CK 201/10177 MA 301/080100008/080210001 — TRANSFORMS AND PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

(Common to all branches)

(Regulation 2008/2010)

Time : Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions. PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- **1.** Find the value of a_0 in the Fourier series expansion of $f(x) = e^x$ in $(0, 2\pi)$.
- 2. Find the half range sine series expansion of f(x) = 1 in (0, 2).
- 3. Define self reciprocal with respect to Fourier Transform.
- 4. Prove that $F[f(x-a)] = e^{ias}F[f(x)]$.
- 5. Form a PDE by eliminating the arbitrary constants 'a' and 'b' from $z = ax^2 + by^2$.

6. Solve
$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 0$$
.

- 7. Define steady state condition on heat flow.
- 8. An insulated rod of length *l* cm has its ends A and B maintained at 0°C and 80°C respectively. Find the steady state solution of the rod.
- 9. Find the Z-transform of $\frac{1}{n}$.
- 10. Find the inverse Z-transform of $\frac{z}{(z+1)^2}$.

PART B —
$$(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$$

11.

(a)

(i) Find the Fourier Series Expansion of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } 0 < x < \pi \\ 2 & \text{for } \pi < x < 2\pi \end{cases}$ (8)

(ii) Find the Fourier series expansion of
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -x+1, & -\pi < x < 0 \\ x+1, & 0 < x < \pi. \end{cases}$$
(8)

(b) (i) Find the half range sine series of $f(x) = lx - x^2$ in (0, l). (8)

- (ii) Find the first two harmonies of the Fourier series expansion for the following data. (8)
 - 0 $\pi/3$ $2\pi/3$ π $4\pi/3$ $5\pi/3$ 2π X 1.0 1.4 1.9 1.7 1.5 : 1.2 1.0 V

12. (a) Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - x^2, & |x| \le 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$

Hence show that

(i)
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin s - s \cos s}{s^{3}} \cos\left(\frac{s}{2}\right) ds = \frac{3\pi}{16}$$
 and
(ii) $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{(x \cos x - \sin x)^{2}}{x^{6}} dx = \frac{\pi}{15}$. (16)

(b)

(b

(i) Using Fourier Cosine Transform, evaluate $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x^2 + a^2)^2}$. (8)

ii) Find the function whose Fourier Sine Transform is
$$\frac{e^{-a}}{c}(a > 0)$$
. (8)

13. (a) (i) Form the PDE by eliminating the arbitrary function 'f' and 'g'
from
$$z = x^2 f(y) + y^2 g(x)$$
. (8)

(ii) Solve
$$\left[D^2 - DD' - 2D'^2\right] z = 2x + 3y + e^{2x+4y}$$
. (8)

) (i) Solve
$$(y^2 + z^2) p - xyq + xz = 0.$$
 (8)

Find the singular integral of $z = px + qy + \sqrt{1 + p^2} + q^2$. (ii) (8)

A tightly stretched string with fixed end points x = 0 and x = l is 14. (a) initially in a position given by $y(x, 0) = K(lx - x^2)$. It is released from rest from this position. Find the expression for the displacement at any time 't'. (16)

Or

Find the solution to the equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ that satisfies the (b) conditions u(0, t) = 0, u(l, t) = 0, for t > 0 and

$$u(x, 0) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 \le x \le l/2 \\ l-x, & l/2 < x < l \end{cases}$$
(16)

15.

(a)

(i)

Find the Z-transform of
$$\frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)}$$
. (8)

(ii) Using Z-transform solve the difference equation

$$Y_{n+2} + 2Y_{n+1} + Y_n = n$$
 given $Y_0 = 0 = Y_1$. (8)
Or

(b) (i) Form the difference equation from
$$Y(n) = (A + Bn) 2^n$$
. (8)

(ii) Using convolution theorem find
$$Z^{-1}\left\lfloor \frac{z^2}{(z-1)(z-3)} \right\rfloor$$
. (8)