Reg. No.

alcolate the above for SC, BCC and FCC structure

Question Paper Code: 57698

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY/JUNE 2016

given bot had to ask bott a grow First Semester of the monor and address b

Civil Engineering

PH 6151 – ENGINEERING PHYSICS – I

(Common to all Branches)

(Regulations 2013)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions.

$PART - A (10 \times 2 = 20 Marks)$

- 1. Write down the relation between atomic radius and lattice parameter of HCP.
- 2. Why is diamond called as loosely packed system?
- 3. What is bending beam moment?
- 4. Define coefficient of thermal conductivity.
- Calculate the de Broglie wavelength associated with an electron having energy of 100 keV.
- 6. In an infinite square well potential, the energy eigen values are quantized. Why?
- 7. Suppose a single violin produced 60 dB of sound intensity level, calculate the effective sound intensity level of 8 such violins.
- 8. What are the properties of ultrasonic waves ?
- 9. What do you mean by population inversion?
- 10. Distinguish between step index and graded index fibers.

13-06

$PART - B (5 \times 16 = 80 Marks)$

(a) Define the terms Atomic radius and Packing factor. Calculate the above for SC, BCC and FCC structures.

OR

- (b) Describe Bridgmann and Czochralski methods of crystal growth and compare their salient features.
- (a) Derive the expression for the Young's modulus of an uniform bending of a rod and describe the experiment to determine the Young's modulus of that rod using this method.

OR

- (b) Derive a differential equation (second order) to describe the heat conduction along a uniform bar. Hence, obtain the steady state solution of it.
- 13. (a) Explain Compton effect. Derive an expression for Compton shift of wavelength. Describe Compton experiment.

OR

- (b) What is the principle of transmission electron microscope ? Draw the construction of transmission electron microscope and explain its working. Give its advantages, disadvantages and applications.
- 14. (a) Obtain Sabine's expression for reverberation in a hall.

OR

(b)	(i)	Explain	with	neat	diagram,	principle,	construction,	working	of
	magnetosriction method to produce ultrasonics.								(12)

- (ii) Explain the uses of ultrasonics in non-destructive test. (4)
- 15. (a) Describe the construction and working of CO₂ laser with neat diagram and write down its applications. (16)

OR doiry doub a to lovel vitantit balos solo

- (b) (i) Obtain the expression for numerical aperture of an optical fiber. (10)
 - (ii) Explain the importances of fiber optic communications.

(6)