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## Question Paper Code: 73406

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2017.

Second Semester

Civil Engineering

CY 2161/CY 24/080010002 — ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY — II

(Common to All Branches)

(Regulations 2008)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A —  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 1. Define electrode potential.
- 2. What is a reference electrode?
- 3. Give the mechanism of corrosion by absorption of oxygen.
- 4. Justify, how corrosion is formed by caustic embrittlement.
- 5. Distinguish between Coal and Coke.
- 6. Name the reagents used for absorbing  $CO_2$ , CO and  $O_2$  in flue gas analysis.
- 7. What is the number of degrees of freedom of a closed system in which  $CaCO_3(s)$  is in equilibrium with CaO(s) and  $CO_2(g)$ ?
- 8. State condensed phase rule and give justification for using it.
- 9. Mention any two applications of UV spectroscopy.
- 10. State the principle involved in colorimetric analysis.

## PART B — $(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$

11.	(a)	(i)	Derive Nernst's Equation. (8	()
	(ω)	(ii)	Explain using graphs the conductometric titrations of	
			(1) a strong base with a strong acid and (4)	(+)
			(2) a weak base with a strong acid. (4)	
				,
			$\mathbf{Or}$	
	(b)	(i)	How is the emf of a cell determined? Explain in detail any on application of emf measurement.	
		(ii)	Construct the following cells and give expression for the potential it terms of Nernst' Equation.	n
			(1) a concentration cell.	()
			(2) a cell consisting of an ion selective electrode and $Zn$ electrod in contact with $Zn^{2+}$ ions. (4)	
12.	(a)	Why	corrosion to be prevented? Discuss the methods of corrosion control.	
			Or	
	(b)		at is paint? What are its constituents? Explain the functions of each tituent.	
13.	(a)	(i)	How is metallurgical coke manufactured by Otto Hoffmann's method? What are the important by products recovered from cok oven gas?	e
		(ii)	Describe the significance of ultimate analysis of coal. (4	1)
		(iii)	List the fractions of hydrocarbons collected between boiling range of 30°C — 400°C by fractional distillation of crude oil.	
			$\mathbf{Or}$	
	(b)	(i)	What is hydrogenation of coal? Write the Fischer-Tropsh process of manufacture of liquid fuels from solid fuels.	
		(ii)	Write in detail chemical reactions involved in the manufacture of producer gas and mention its chemical composition.	of
14.	(a)	Elab	porate the application of phase rule to one component water system.	3)
	· ·		Or	
	(b)	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	lain the single homogeneous phase containing two components leasilver.	

- 15. (a) (i) Explain the principal and determination of iron by colorimetry. (8)
  - (ii) State Beer's law. Write the applications of UV visible spectroscopy. (8)

Or

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- (b) (i) Write and explain the applications of flame photometry. (8)
  - (ii) Discuss the principal and instrumentation of atomic adsorption spectroscopy. (8)