| Reg. No. : |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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## Question Paper Code: 91668

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2014.

Seventh Semester

Mechanical Engineering

ME 2401/ME 71/ME 1402/10122 ME 702 — MECHATRONICS

(Common to Production Engineering)

(Regulation 2008/2010)

(Common to PTME 2401/10122 ME 702 – Mechatronics for B.E. (Part-Time) Fifth Semester Mechanical Engineering – Regulation 2009/2010)

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A —  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 1. What do you understand by the term static and dynamic characteristics of transducers?
- 2. Difference between absolute encoder and incremental encoder.
- 3. Write down any four primary functions of mechanical actuation systems.
- 4. What are the factors to be considered for selecting solenoids?
- 5. Write the values of the voltage across the building blocks of an electrical system.
- 6. What are the classifications of composite mode electronic controllers?
- 7. List down the input and output modules interface.
- 8. What are the logic functions that can be obtained by using switches in series?
- 9. Write the basic steps of the program to run a stepper motor.
- 10. Compare traditional and mechatronics approaches of engine management system.

## PART B — $(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$

| 11. | (a) | (i)  | Explain the relationship between temperature and resistance for<br>the RTD with temperature resistance curve. What are the<br>advantages and disadvantages of RTDs? (10)  |  |
|-----|-----|------|---|--|
|     |     | (ii) | Explain the functions of a capacitive sensor in a robot end effector.  (6)  |  |
|     |     |      | Or  |  |
|     | (b) | (i)  | Write short notes on:   |  |
| 1   |     |      | (1) Photovoltaic transducer   |  |
|     |     |      | (2) Incremental encodes. (8)  |  |
|     |     | (ii) | Explain the control system for the domestic central heating system involving a bimetallic thermostat and that involving a microprocessor. (8)   |  |
| 12. | (a) | (i)  | An equal percentage plug process control valve is used to control the fluid flow in the system. The pneumatic diaphragm actuator used in the system has a stem movement of 50 mm at its full travel. The valve element has a minimum and maximum flow rate of $0.3$ and $5.0m^3/s$ respectively. Calculate the rate of flow when the stem movement is |  |
|     |     |      | (1) 15 mm   |  |
|     |     |      | (2) 25 mm. (6)  |  |
|     |     | (ii) | Discuss about the following actuation systems:  |  |
|     |     |      | (1) Self-excited wound field shunt configuration DC motor   |  |
|     |     |      | (2) Self-excited wound field series configuration DC motor. (10)  |  |
|     |     |      | Or  |  |
|     | (b) | (i)  | Difference between SCR and TRIAC. (4)   |  |
|     |     | (ii) | What is a stepper motor? Explain the working principles of stepper motor in half step mode (12)   |  |

| 13. | (a) | (i)   | What are the types of basic control modes? Explain the control system performance for a system with proportional control and a system with integral control (8)  |
|-----|-----|-------|--|
|     |     | (ii)  | Derive the mathematical model for the wheel and its suspension for<br>a car or truck and can be used for the study of the behaviour that<br>could be expected of the vehicle when driven over the rough road. (4)  |
|     |     | (iii) | Compare 1's complement and 2's complement of numbers. (4)  |
|     |     |       | Or   |
|     | (b) | (i)   | Derive the differential equation governing the mechanical system of<br>an electric motor. (8)  |
|     |     | (ii)  | Derive the equation for a translational mechanical system model with spring and mass. (4)  |
|     |     | (iii) | What are the advantages and disadvantages of open loop system? (4)   |
| 14. | (a) | (i)   | Create a ladder diagram for the following application: A pneumatic system with double solenoid valve controls two double acting cylinders A and B. The sequence of cylinder operations are as follows: Cylinder A extends followed by cylinder B extending, then the cylinder B retracts and finally the cycle is completed by the cylinder A retracting. Explain the logic of the PLC circuit used. (8) |
|     |     | (ii)  | Draw delay ON and delay OFF timer ladder diagrams. (4)   |
|     |     | (iii) | Explain latching with ladder diagram. (4)  |
|     |     |       | Or.  |
|     | (b) | (i)   | Explain in detail about jump control used in PLC using a ladder diagram. (8)   |
|     |     | (ii)  | What are the factors to be considered for selecting PLC? (3)   |
|     |     | (iii) | Explain the basis of ladder programming used in PLC's. (5)   |
| 15. | (a) | (i)   | What is the role of sensors in car engine management system?<br>Explain with block diagram. (10)   |
|     |     | (ii)  | Explain with various mechatronics elements required to design an automated guided vehicle. (6)   |
|     |     |       | Or   |
|     | (b) | (i)   | What are the advantages of using a microprocessor in the place of a mechanical controller for a carburettor of an automobile? (4)  |
|     |     | (ii)  | Explain the mechatronics systems used in an automatic camera with a neat block diagram. (12)   |