



- b) i) For the kinematic linkage shown in Fig. 11 (b) (i) calculate the (i) total number of binary, ternary and quaternary links (ii) total number of links (iii) total number of joints or pairs (iv) the number of degrees of freedom. Comment on the kinematic linkage based on mobility. (8)

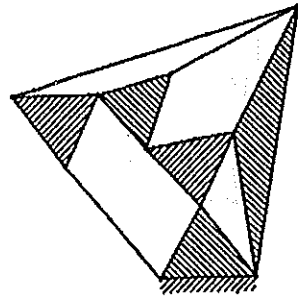


Fig.11 (b)(i)

- ii) Explain how are the Whitworth quick return mechanism and Crank and slotted lever mechanism different from each other. (5)
12. a) i) State and explain angular velocity ratio theorem. (5)
- ii) In a slider crank mechanism, the lengths of the crank and connecting rod are 200 mm and 800 mm respectively. Locate all the I-centers of the mechanism for the position of the crank when it has turned 30° from the inner dead centre. Also find the velocity of the slider and the angular velocity of the connecting rod if the crank rotates at 40 rad/s, clockwise. (8)

(OR)

- b) Fig.12(b) shows a mechanism in which $OA = QC = 100$ mm, $AB = QB = 300$ mm and $CD = 250$ mm. The crank OA rotates at 150 rpm in the clockwise direction. Determine the (i) velocity of the slider at D (ii) angular velocities of links QB and AB (iii) rubbing velocity at the pin B which is 40 mm in diameter. (13)

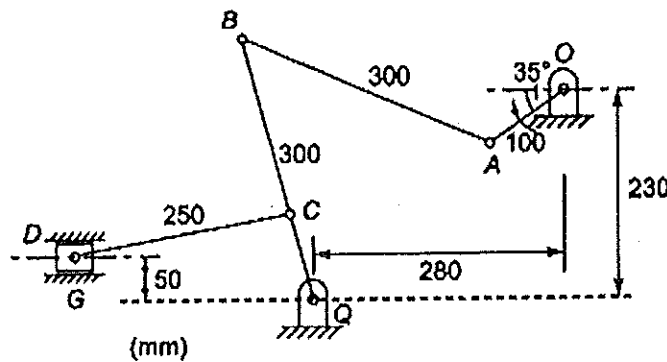


Fig.12 (b)

13. a) i) The following data relate to a cam profile in which the follower is a knife edge follower and moves with SHM during the ascent and descent. Minimum radius of cam = 25 mm, lift = 30 mm, angle of ascent = 120° , angle of descent = 100° , angle of dwell between ascent and descent = 80° , speed of cam = 200 rpm. Draw profile of the cam and determine the maximum velocity and maximum acceleration during out stroke and the return stroke. (10)

- ii) Why cycloidal cams are suitable for high speed applications? (3)

(OR)

- b) i) A radial cam, operating a roller follower, rotates at 200 rpm. The follower rises through 20 mm with S.H.M. during 120° of cam rotation. it dwells for 30° of cam rotation and returns to the initial position by S.H.M. in next 150° of cam rotation. Assuming a minimum radius of cam to be 25 mm, and roller diameter as 10 mm draw the cam profile. (10)

- ii) Determine V_{max} and A_{max} during outstroke. (3)

14. a) Calculate (i) length of path of contact (ii) arc of contact (iii) the contact ratio, when a pinion having 23 teeth drives a gear having 57 teeth. The profile of the gears is involute with pressure angle 20° , module 8 mm and addendum equal to one module. (13)

(OR)

- b) In a reduction gear shown in Fig. 14 (b), the input S has 24 teeth. P and C constitute a compound planet having 30 and 18 teeth respectively. If all the gears are of same pitch, find the ratio of the reduction gear i.e., ratio of speed of gear S to speed of gear D . Assume A to be fixed. (13)

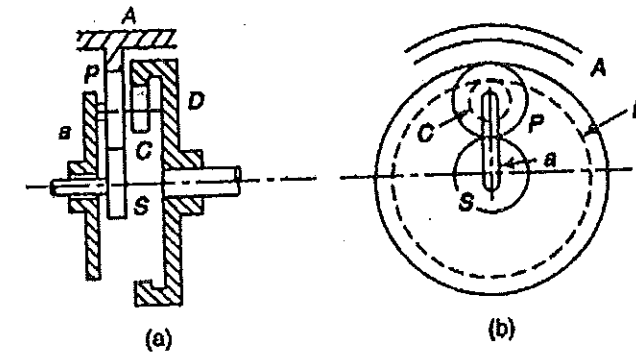


Fig.14 (b)