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Reg. No.:		

Question Paper Code: 20361

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2018.

Third/Fourth Semester

Computer Science and Engineering

CS 6304 — ANALOG AND DIGITAL COMMUNICATION

(Common to Biomedical Engineering, Information Technology)

(Regulations 2013)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- l. Differentiate between Amplitude and Frequency Modulation.
- 2. Define Modulation Index.
- 3. State the significance of constellation diagram?
- 4. What is bandwidth efficiency?
- 5. Mention the advantages of digital transmission.
- 6. What is the principle of pulse modulation?
- 7. State Shannon's fundamental theorem of information theory.
- 8. Define Hamming distance (HD).
- 9. List the features of Hand off Technique.
- 10. What is the advantage of cell splitting concept?

PART B — $(5 \times 13 = 65 \text{ marks})$

11. (a) Explain the operation of Super heterodyne receiver.

Or

- (b) Explain the principle of AM modulation with mathematical analysis. Draw the AM wave and explain its power distribution.
- 12. (a) Draw the block diagram of QPSK modulator, demodulator and explain the principle of operation.

Or

- (b) Describe the basic principle of Quadrature amplitude modulation. Compare shift keying Techniques with QAM.
- 13. (a) Explain Pulse Code Modulation System with the help of block diagram.

Or

- (b) (i) Draw the block diagram of Data Communication system and explain. (8)
 - (ii) What is the need for error detection and correction Techniques? (5)
- 14. (a) Consider a (5, 1) linear block code defined by the generator matrix G = [11111]
 - (i) Find the parity check matrix H of the code in systematic form. (2)
 - (ii) Find the encoding table for the linear block code. (2)
 - (iii) What is the minimum distance dmin of the code. How many errors can the code detect. How many errors can the code correct. (2)
 - (iv) Find the decoding table for the linear block code (consider single bit errors only). (4)
 - (v) Suppose $c = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]$ is sent and $r = [0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]$ is received. Show how the code can correct this error. (3)

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(b) What is source coding? Explain the steps involved in Shannon Fano coding with suitable example.

15. (a) Draw and explain the architecture of GSM

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(b) Explain in detail the principle and operation of a CDMA system.

PART C — $(1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ marks})$

- 16. (a) (i) What are the Types and benefits of shift keying Techniques? (5)
 - (ii) Explain the process of Locating Co-channel Cells in a Cellular Network. (10)

Or

- b) (i) Compare the bit error rate performance for PSK, DPSK and FSK.
 - (ii) With the help of an example, explain Viterbi Convolutional Decoding Algorithm. (10)