

7. What are the requirements to be met while interfacing memory or I/O devices to 8085 processor?
8. What are the modes of operation of 8237?
9. Compare a micro processor and micro controller.
10. Give the characteristics of the inbuilt memory in a 8051.

PART B — (5 × 16 = 80 marks)

11. (a) (i) Write a program to find the average of ten numbers. (8)
(ii) Describe the addressing modes of 8085. (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Discuss the functional block diagram of 8085. (12)
(ii) Write a program to divide two eight bit numbers. (4)
12. (a) Explain the different addressing modes of 8086 Microprocessor.

Or

- (b) (i) Write an 8086 assembly language program to get an input from the keyboard for 2 digit and convert that input into a binary number using BIOS int. (8)
(ii) Write an 8086 assembly language program to add 2 digit number by getting an input from the keyboard using BIOS interrupt call. (8)
13. (a) What is the different multiprocessor configuration supported by the 8086 processor? Compare them, Explain any one configuration in detail. (16)

Or

- (b) Draw the internal architectural diagram of 8089 IOP and explain how it functions as a intelligent DMA controller with the 8086 CPU. (16)
14. (a) (i) Bring about the features of 8251. (6)
(ii) Discuss how 8251 is used for serial data communication. (6)
(iii) Explain the advantages of using the USART chips in microprocessor based systems. (4)

Or

- (b) List the major components of 8279 keyboard display Interface and explain their functions. (16)

15. (a) (i) Explain the internal data memory structure of 8051 microcontroller with its SFRs. (8)
- (ii) What is timer/counter? Explain the 16-bit timer mode and 8-bit auto-reload mode of 8051 microcontroller. (8)

Or

- (b) (i) How to interface and display an LCD with microcontroller? (8)
- (ii) How to transfer data between a PC and microcontroller using serial communication? Draw the necessary diagrams and explain. (8)
