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Question Paper Code: 52380

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2017

Fifth/Seventh Semester

Computer Science and Engineering CS 2303 – THEORY OF COMPUTATION

(Common to Information Technology)

(Regulations 2008)

(Also common to PTCS 2303 – Theory of Computation for B.E. (Part-Time) Fifth Semester – CSE – Regulations 2009)

Time: Three Hours

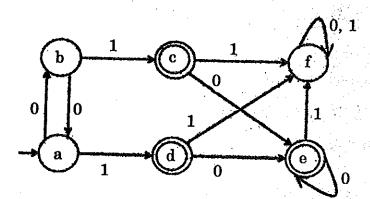
Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions

PART - A

 $(10\times2=20)$ Marks)

- 1. What is deductive proof?
- 2. Differentiate NFA and DFA.
- 3. Define pumping lemma for regular grammar.
- 4. Convert the given DFA to complement DFA.



5. Is this grammar ambiguous? Justify your answer.

$$E \longrightarrow E + E \qquad E \longrightarrow E \longrightarrow E$$



- 6. Show that whether deterministic and nondeterministic push down automata are equivalent.
- 7. Compare DFA and Turing Machine.
- 8. Give the rules for the CFG normal forms.
- 9. When a language is said to be recursively enumerable language.
- 10. Define polynomial time Turing machine.

PART – B

(5×16=80 Marks)

- 11. a) i) Draw the state diagram of an NFA with three states that recognizes the language $\{w \in \{0, 1\} \mid w \text{ is a multiple of } 4\}$.
 - ii) Convert NFA into a DFA using the subset construction (showing the states of the DFA as sets of states of the NFA).
 - iii) Show the correctness of the constructed DFA with examples.

(6+6+

(OR)

b) Design deterministic finite state automata for the given languages. Show the correctness of construction.

 $L_1 = \{w \mid w \text{ does not contain the substring } 110\}$

 $L_2 = \{w \mid w \text{ contains an even number of 0's or exactly two 1's}\}.$

(8+8)

- 12. a) Consider the language $F = \{a^i b^j c^k \mid i, j, k \ge 0 \text{ and } if i = 1 \text{ then } j = k \}$.
 - i) Show that F is not regular.
 - ii) Show that F acts like a regular language in the pumping lemma. In other words, give a pumping length p and demonstrate that F satisfies the three conditions of the pumping lemma for this value of p.
 - iii) Explain why parts (i) and (ii) do not contradict the pumping lemma. (6+6+4)
 - b) Consider the DFA given in Q. No. 4. Construct minimized DFA using Myphill-Nerode Theorem. Show that it is equivalent to the given DFA. (10+6)
- 13. a) Construct pushdown automata for the given languages:

$$L_{1} = \left\{ a^{2n}b^{3n} \mid n \ge 0 \right\}$$

$$L_{2} = \left\{ a^{i}b^{j}c^{k} \mid i, j, k \ge 0 \text{ and, } i = j \text{ or } j = k \right\}$$
(OR)

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(6)

(10)

(6)

(10)

- b) Design a deterministic Push Down Automata (PDA) which accepts the language $L = \left\{wcw^{R} \mid w \in \{a,b\}^{*}\right\}. \text{ Check this PDA using the input abbcbba and abcab.}$ Construct the equivalent CFG. (6+5+5)
- 14. a) Convert the following grammar G into Greibach Normal Form (GNF). (16)

 $S \rightarrow XA \backslash BB$

 $B \rightarrow b \backslash SB$

 $X \rightarrow b$

 $A \rightarrow a$

(OR)

- b) Construct a Turing machine with input alphabet $\{a, b\}$ to perform each of the following operations. Note that the tape head is scanning position zero in state q_f whenever a computation terminates. (5+5+6)
 - i) Move the input one space to the right. Input configuration q₀ BuB, result q₆BBuB.
 - ii) Concatenate a copy of the reversed input string to the input. Input configuration q_0BuB , result q_fBuu^RB .
- iii) Erase the b's from the input. Input configuration q₀BbabaababB, result q_fBaaaaB.
- 15. a) i) State and explain RICE theorem.
 - ii) Prove that the halting problem is undecidable.

(OR)

- b) i) Prove that if a language L and its complement are both recursively enumerable, then L is recursive.
 - ii) Explain Post's Correspondence Problem (PCP). Prove that PCP is undecidable.