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Reg. No. :

Question Paper Code : 30893

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2019.

Seventh Semester

Computer Science and Engineering

CS 2403 — DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

(Common to Fifth Semester Information Technology)

(Regulation 2008)

(Also common to PTCS 2403 — Digital Signal Processing for B.E. (Part-Time)
Sixth Semester — CSE — Regulation 2009)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — (10 × 2 = 20 marks)

1. State low pass sampling theorem.
2. What is meant by energy and power signals?
3. What is meant by radix 2 FFT?
4. Give transform pair equation of DFT.
5. What are the limitations of Impulse invariant technique of designing filters?
6. Given the low pass transfer function $H_a(s) = \frac{1}{s+1}$. Find the high pass transfer function having a cutoff frequency to rad/sec.
7. What is linear phase response of a filter?
8. State any two important properties of FIR filter.
9. List out the application of Adaptive filtering.
10. What do you mean by speech compression?

PART B — (5 × 16 = 80 marks)

11. (a) (i) Find the convolution of given signals
 $x(n) = 3^n u(-n)$ and $h(n) = [1/3]^n u(n-2)$. (8)
- (ii) Applying concentric circle method, compute circular convolution of the sequences $h(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3\}$. (8)

Or

- (b) Explain the process of analog to digital conversion of signal in terms of sampling, quantization and coding.
12. (a) (i) Discuss the properties of DFT. (8)
- (ii) Discuss the use of FFT algorithm in linear filtering and correlation. (8)

Or

- (b) Find DFT for $\{1, 1, 2, 0, 1, 2, 0, 1\}$ using FFT DIT butterfly algorithm and plot the spectrum. (16)
13. (a) (i) Obtain the direct form I, direct form II, cascade and parallel form realization for the system
 $y(n) = -0.1y(n-1) + 0.2y(n-2) + 3x(n) + 3.6x(n-1) + 0.6x(n-2)$. (8)
- (ii) For the analog transfer function $H(s) = \frac{2}{(s+1)(s+2)}$. Determine $H(z)$ using impulse invariance method. Assume $T = 1$ sec. (8)

Or

- (b) A low pass filter meeting the following specifications is required :

Passband	—	0 – 500 Hz
Stopband	—	2 – 4 kHz
Passband ripple	—	3 dB
Stopband attenuation	—	20 dB
Sampling frequency	—	8 kHz

Determine the following:

- (i) Pass and stopband edge frequencies for a suitable analog prototype low pass filter.
- (ii) Order N of the prototype low pass filter.
- (iii) Coefficients and hence the transfer function of the discrete time filter using the bilinear z -transform.

Assume Butterworth characteristics of the filter. (16)

14. (a) Design a FIR bandstop filter to reject frequencies in the range 1.2 to 1.8 rad/sec using Hamming window, with length $N = 6$. Also, realize the linear phase structure of the bandstop FIR filter. (16)

Or

- (b) Explain the characteristics of a limit cycle oscillation with respect to the system described by the equation $y(n) = 0.85y(n-2) + 0.72y(n-1) + x(n)$. Determine the dead band of the filter $x(n) = \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)\delta(n)$. (16)

15. (a) (i) Explain aliasing effect in down sampling. (8)
- (ii) Explain subband coding technique used in speech coding. (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Explain digital processing of audio signals. (8)
- (ii) Explain digital signal processing in image enhancement. (8)