Reg. No. :

Question Paper Code : 51396

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY/JUNE 2014.

. Third Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering

EC 2204/EC 35/EC 1202 A/080290015/10144 EC 305 - SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

(Regulation 2008/2010)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks.

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Sketch the following signals
 - (a) x(t) = 2t for all t
 - (b) x(n) = 2n 3, for all *n*
- 2. Given $x[n] = \{1, -4, 3, 1, 5, 2\}$. Represent x[n] in terms of weighted shifted impulse functions.
- 3. State the conditions for convergence of fourier series.
- 4. State any two properties of ROC of laplace transform X(s) of a signal x(t).
- 5. State the necessary and sufficient condition for an LTI continuous time system to be Causal.
- 6. Find the differential equation relating the input and output a CT system represented by $H(j\Omega) = \frac{4}{(j\Omega)^2 + 8j\Omega + 4}$.

7. What is an anti-aliasing filter?

8. State the multiplication property of DTFT.

- 9. Find the overall impulse response h(n) when two systems $h_1(n) = u(n)$ and $h_2(n) = \delta(n) + 2\delta(n-1)$ are in series.
- 10. Using Z-transform, check whether the following system is stable.

$$H(z) = \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{2z}{z - 3}, \quad \frac{1}{2} < |z| < 3.$$

PART B —
$$(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$$

11. (a)

(i)

Given
$$x(t) = \frac{1}{6}(t+2), -2 \le t \le 4$$

= 0 otherwise

Sketch (1) x(t) (2) x(t+1) (3) x(2t) (4) x(t/2). (8)

(ii) Determine whether the discrete time sequence

$$x[n] = \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{7}n + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + \cos\frac{\pi}{3}n$$

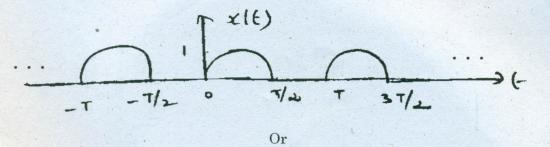
is periodic or not.

(b) Check the following systems are linear, stable

(i)
$$y(t) = e^{x(t)}$$
 (8)

- (ii) y(n) = x(n-1).
- 12.

(a) Find the fourier series coefficients of the signal shown below :



(b) Find the inverse laplace transform of $X(s) = \frac{1}{(s+5)(s-3)}$ for the ROCs

- (i) $-5 < \operatorname{Re}\{s\} < 3$ (8)
- (ii) $\operatorname{Re}\{s\} > 3$ (8)

(8)

(8)

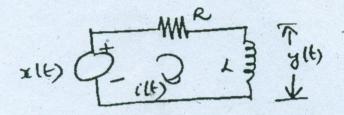
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(a) Using convolution integral, determine the response of a CTLTI system y(t) given input $x(t) = e^{-\alpha t}u(t)$ and impulse response $h(t) = e^{-\beta t}u(t)$, $|\alpha| < 1, |\beta| < 1.$

Or

(b) Find the frequency response of the system shown below :

13.



14. (a) Using convolution property of DTFT, find the inverse DTFT of $X(e^{jw}) = \frac{1}{(1 - \alpha e^{-jw})^2}, |\alpha| < 1.$

Or

- (b) Find the inverse Z-transform of $X(z) = \frac{z^2}{(z-0.5)(z-1)^2}, |z| > 1$.
- 15. (a) Find the convolution of sum of x[n] = r[n] and h[n] = u[n].

(16)

Or

- (b) A casual LTI system is described by y[n] ⁵/₆ y[n-1] + ¹/₆ y[n-2] = x[n] where x[n] is the input to the system h[n] is the impulse response of the system. Find
 - (i) System function H(z)
 - (ii) Impulse response h(n).

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