ANNA UNIVERSITY COIMBATORE

B.E. / B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS : MAY / JUNE 2010

**REGULATIONS: 2007** 

SIXTH SEMESTER : COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGG.

070230051 - DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

TIME : 3 Hours

PART – A

#### $(20 \times 2 = 40 \text{ MARKS})$

Max.Marks: 100

### ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

- 1. Show whether the system, y (n) = n x (n) is (a) Linear (b) Time Varying
- 2. Draw a discrete sampled signal.
- 3. Determine the Z transform for the analog input signal  $x(t)=e^{-at}$  applied to digital filter.
- 4. What are energy and power signal?
- 5. Write any for properties of DFT.
- 6. Find the N point DFT for  $x(n) = a^n$  for 0 < a < 1.
- 7. Define Gibb's phenomenon
- 8. Write the relation between Z transform and Fourier transform.
- 9. Mention the advantages of FIR filters?
- 10. Use the backward difference for the derivative and convert the analog filter with system function.  $H(s) = 1/s^2+16$
- 11. Compare IIR and FIR filters.
- 12. Define Hilbert transformer?
- 13. List the advantages of DSP?
- 14. What is VLIW architecture?
- 15. Compare fixed point and floating point digital signal processors
- 16. What are the addressing modes of TMS320C50.
- 17. Determine the DTFT of the sequence  $x(n) = \{1, -1, 1, -1\}$ .
- 18. Write the biomedical applications of DSP.

19. How many bits are used in floating point DSP?

20. What are the factors that influence a selection of DSP processor?

PART – B

## (5 x 12 = 60 MARKS)

6

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8

## ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS

21. a Find the inverse Z transform of

# $X(Z) = \frac{Z}{3Z^2 - 4Z + 1}$

- b Convolve the following sequences ,  $x(n) = \{1, 3, , 1, 3\}$  and  $h(n) = \{1, 2, 1\}$
- 22. a Explain the different types of correlation.
  - b Compute the FFT sequence x(n)=n+1 where N=8 using DIT algorithm.
- 23. a Design a low pass FIR filter that approximates the following frequency 8 response ,
  H(f) = {1 ; 0≤f≤1000 Hz
  - {0 ; elsewhere in the range 0≤f≤f<sub>s</sub>/2

b Design the coefficients of FIR- LPF whose cut off frequency  $f_c = 2f_s/11 - 4$ where  $f_s$  is the sampling frequency.  $H(k) = \{1 \text{ for } K = 1, 2, \text{ and } 9, 10\}$ 

{0 for 3≤K≤8.

24. a Explain briefly :

i)Harvard architecture

2

ii)Pipelining

24.	b	$H(z) = 1 /{(1-0.35 Z^{-1}) (1-0.62 Z^{-1})}$ , realize this using cascade from.	4		
25.	а	Explain the application of DSP as Fetal ECG monitoring.	6		
	b	What are the different addressing modes supported by C5X processor?	6		
		Explain any four of them with an example.			
26.	а	Name the different types of superscalar architectures.	4		
	b	Describe the VLIW architecture and its features for DS processors.	8		
27.	а	Find the DFT of sequence $x(n) = a^n$ for $a) a <1$ , $b)a=1$ where $n=0,1,\ldots,N-1$	6		
	b	Design a band pass FIR filters that approximates the following frequency response	6		
		H(f) = {1 ; 160≤f≤200 Hz			
		= {0 ; elsewhere in the range $0 \le f \le f_s/2$			
28.	а	Describe the application of DSP in set Top Box for Digital TV reception.	6		nor canto
	b	Discuss the DSP based closed loop controlled Anasthaesia.	6		
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