Question Paper Code : 31213

Reg. No. :

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2015.

Sixth Semester

Electrical and Electronics Engineering

080280051 — DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

(Common to B.E. (Part-Time) Fifth Semester)

(Regulation 2008)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

3.0/3

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. A two tone signal has 50Hz and 75Hz tones. If this signal is digitally processed, what would be minimum sampling frequency required to avoid aliasing?
- 2. If the output of a system y(n) is represented as y(n) = x(n) 0.5y(n-1), classify the system whether it is recursive or not. Justify your answer.
- 3. What do you mean by region of convergence in Z transform?
- 4. Determine the Fourier transform of the signal $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{|n|}$.
- 5. Write the relationship between Z transform and DFT with expressions.
- 6. State and prove shifting property of DFT.
- 7. Write two properties of Chebyshev filters.
- 8. State the conditions for FIR filters to have linear phase.

9. What is pipelining?

10. List out the four operation blocks involved in C5X processors.

- PART B $(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$
- 11. (a) (i)

) Determine whether the system having input x(n) and output y(n)and described by the relationship : $y(n) = \sum_{K=-\infty}^{n} x(k+2)$ is (1) memoryless, (2) stable, (3) causal (4) linear and (5) time invariant. (8)

(ii) Explain the successive approximation type analog to digital converter with diagrams.
(8)

Or

- (b) (i) Discuss the various types of digital signal processing operations with examples. (8)
 - (ii) What is the input signal x(n) that will generate the output sequence y(n) = {1,-1,0,2,-2,1} for linear time invariant system with impulse response of h(n) = {1,1,1}.
- 12. (a) State and prove the following properties of Z-transform.
 - (i) Time shift
 - (ii) Time scaling and
 - (iii) Convolution.

Or

- (b) Consider the transfer function of a system $H(z) = \frac{1+z^{-1}}{z^{-2}+2z^{-1}+0.75}$
 - (i) Find all possible impulse responses of the system.
 - (ii) Classify the identified system under stability and causality. (10+6)
- 13.
 - (a) Explain the multi resolution analysis using wavelet method. (16)

(b) In an LTI system the input is x(n) = {1,1,1} and the impulse response is h(n) = {-1,-1}. Determine the response of LTI system by radix -2 DIT FFT.

(4+4+8)

14. (

(a) Design a Butterworth filter satisfying the constraints:

$$0.75 \le \frac{\left|H(e^{jw})\right| \le 1 \quad 0 \le \omega \le \pi/2}{\left|H(e^{jw})\right| \le 0.2 \quad 3\pi/4 \le \omega \le \pi}$$

Or

- (b) Using a rectangular window technique, design a low-pass filter with pass band gain of unity, cutoff frequency of 1000 Hz and working at a sampling frequency of 5 kHz. The length of the impulse response should be 7. (16)
- 15. (a) Draw the architecture of TMS320C54X signal processor and list its major features.

Or

- (b) (i) Compare the features of Van Neumann architecture with Harvard architecture. (8)
 - (ii) Explain the special features available in the DSP architecture which makes it suitable for signal processing applications.
 (8)

(16)