



15. a) Sketch the architecture of a DSP processor and explain its special features that support signal processing applications. (13)

(OR)

- b) i) Explain the concept of circular buffering in a DSP processor. Explain how this is useful in implementation of FIR filters. (7)

- ii) Comment on the factors that decide the choice of a DSP processor for a system. (6)

PART - C

(1×15 = 15 Marks)

16. a) Given, $H_d(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} e^{-j3\omega}, & -\pi/4 \leq \omega \leq \pi/4 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$. Design a FIR filter using Hamming window with $N = 7$. (15)

(OR)

- b) Propose a DSP based system to process signals in an audio system that includes recording, storage, transmission and reproduction of signals and explain. (15)



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Question Paper Code : 90190

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2019

Fifth Semester

Medical Electronics

EC 8553 – DISCRETE-TIME SIGNAL PROCESSING

(Common to Biomedical Engineering/Computer and Communication Engineering/
Electronics and Communication Engineering/Electronics and
Telecommunication Engineering)

(Regulations 2017)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions

PART - A

(10×2 = 20 Marks)

- Determine the IDFT of $Y(K) = \{1, 0, 1, 0\}$.
- Draw the 4-point radix 2 DIT-FFT and 4-point radix 2 DIF-FFT butterfly structures for FFT.
- Summarize the procedure to design digital filters from analog filters. Recall in this context what is meant by backward difference.
- What is bilinear transformation? List the properties of bilinear transformation.
- Obtain the direct form realization of the filter $H(Z) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{4}z^{-2} + \frac{1}{2}z^{-3}$ with minimum number of multipliers.
- How to design an FIR filter using frequency sampling method? For what type of filters frequency sampling method is suitable?
- Define input quantization error and product quantization error.



8. Interpret how the digital filter is affected by quantization of filter coefficients ?
9. Distinguish between fixed point and floating point arithmetic.
10. List the applications of Digital Signal Processing.

PART - B

(5×13 = 65 Marks)

11. a) i) Compute the DFT of the sequence $x(n) = \{0, 1, 2, 1\}$. Sketch the magnitude and phase spectrum. (7)
- ii) For the given $x_1(n)$, $x_2(n)$ and N , compute the circular convolution of $x_1(n)$ and $x_2(n)$. (6)
- 1) $x_1(n) = \delta(n) + \delta(n-1) + \delta(n-2)$, $N = 3$
 $x_2(n) = 2\delta(n) - \delta(n-1) + 2\delta(n-2)$
- 2) $x_1(n) = \delta(n) + \delta(n-1) + \delta(n-2) - \delta(n-3)$, $N = 5$
 $x_2(n) = \delta(n) - \delta(n-2) + \delta(n-4)$.
- (OR)
- b) i) Perform Linear convolution of the following sequences by overlap-add method.
 $x(n) = \{1, -2, 3, 2, -3, 4, 3, -4\}$ and $h(n) = \{1, 2, -1\}$. (7)
- ii) Compute the 8 point DFT of the sequence $x(n) = \{1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0\}$ using DIT, FFT algorithm. (6)
12. a) For the given specifications $0.9 \leq |H(j\Omega)| \leq 1$, for $0 \leq \Omega \leq 0.2\pi$
 $|H(j\Omega)| \leq 0.2$, for $0.4\pi \leq \Omega \leq \pi$
 Plot the magnitude response and design an analog Butterworth filter. (13)
- (OR)
- b) i) For the analog transfer function $H_a(s) = \frac{2}{(s+1)(s+3)}$. Determine $H(z)$, if $T = 1s$, using Impulse invariant method. (7)
- ii) Realize the system with difference equation
 $y(n) = \frac{3}{4}y(n-1) - \frac{1}{8}y(n-2) + x(n) + \frac{1}{3}x(n)$ In cascade form. (6)

13. a) Discuss on the frequency response of linear phase FIR filter when the impulse response is symmetrical and N is odd. (13)
- (OR)
- b) List the steps in the design of FIR filter using windows. Point out the characteristics of the following window functions. (13)
- i) Rectangular Window
 ii) Hanning Window
 iii) Hamming Window.
14. a) i) A digital system is characterized by the difference equation $y(n) = 0.8y(n-1) + x(n)$. Determine the limit cycle behavior and the dead band of the system with $x(n) = 0$ and initial condition $y(-1) = 10$. Assume that the result $y(n)$ is rounded off to the nearest integer. (7)
- ii) Given $H(Z) = \frac{0.5 + 0.4z^{-1}}{1 - 0.312z^{-1}}$ is the transfer function of a digital filter.
 Find the scaling factor S_0 to avoid overflow in adder 1 of the digital filter shown in fig. 1. (6)

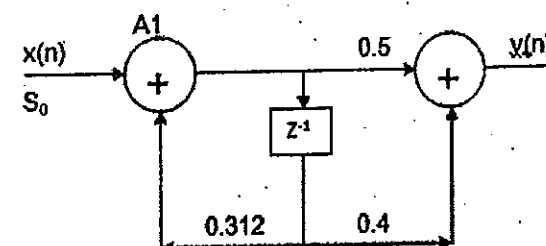


Fig. 1

(OR)

- b) Discuss the effect of coefficient quantization on pole locations of the following IIR system, when it is realized in direct form - 1.

$$H(Z) = \frac{1}{1 - 0.7z^{-1} + 0.12z^{-2}}. \text{ Assume a word length of 4-bits through truncation. (13)}$$