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B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2019.

Fourth Semester

Electrical And Electronics Engineering

EE 6403 – DISCRETE TIME SYSTEMS AND SIGNAL PROCESSING

(Common to Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering/Instrumentation and Control Engineering)

(Regulation 2013)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A $-(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Is the system y(n) = |x(n)| linear and time invariant? Justify your answer.
- 2. Define unit sample response of a system and state its significance.
- 3. If x(n) represents the signal and $X(\omega)$ represents the Discrete Time Fourier Transform of x(n), then prove: $x(n-k) \leftarrow {}^{FT} \rightarrow e^{-jwk}X(\omega)$.
- 4. Obtain the circular convolution of $x_1(n) = \{1, 2, 3\}$ and $x_2(n) = \{-3, 1, -2\}$.
- 5. Write any two properties of Discrete Fourier Transform.
- 6. Obtain the IDFT of the sequence $X(k) = \{10, -2 + j2, -2, -2 j2\}$ using DIT-FFT algorithm.
- 7. The most straight forward approach to FIR filter design is to truncate the impulse response of an ideal IIR filter. Why this is usually an undesirable approach?
- 8. Obtain the transfer function for a normalized Butterworth filter of order 2.
- 9. State how a Digital Signal Processor is different from other processors.
- 10. Mention any four applications of Digital Signal Processor.

PART B — $(5 \times 13 = 65 \text{ marks})$

- 11. (a) (i) Explain the features of Linear. Time Invariant, Causal and Stable Systems. (7)
 - (ii) A-Digital System is characterized by the difference equation y(n) = x(n) 0.5y(n-1) + 0.25x(n-1). Check the system for Linearity, Time invariance Causality and Stability. (6)

Or

- (b) (i) Explain the process of converting an analog signal to discrete time discrete amplitude signal with necessary diagrams. (7)
 - (ii) A signal $x(t) = \sin c (50\pi t)$ is sampled at a rate of 20 Hz, 50 Hz and 75 Hz. For each of these three cases, explain if you can recover the signal x(t) from the sampled signal. (6)
- 12. (a) (i) State and explain any four properties of Z-transform. (8)
 - (ii) Evaluate the frequency response of the system described by the system function

$$H(z) = \frac{1}{1 - 0.5z^{-1}}. (5)$$

Or

- (b) (i) Determine the pole-zero plot for the system described by the difference equation $y(n) \frac{3}{4}y(n-1) + \frac{1}{8}y(n-2) = x(n) x(n-1)$. (8)
 - (ii) Prove that a system having system function H(z) is stable, if and only if all poles of H(z) are inside the unit circle. (5)
- 13. (a) (i) Compute the 2N point DFT of y(n) in terms of X(k), where X(k) is the N-point DFT of the sequence x(n), $0 \le n \le N-1$. (5)
 - (ii) Compute the DFT of the three point sequence $x(n) = \{2, 1, 1\}$. (4)
 - (iii) When X(k) is the DFT of an N-point sequence h(n), prove that X(k) is real and even, when x(n) is real and even. (4)

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- (b) (i) Compute the DFT sequence for the following sequence using Radix-2 decimation-in-frequency FFT algorithm. (9) $X(n) = \{1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1\}.$
 - (ii) Indicate how inverse DFT can be computed by using FFT Algorithm. (4)

14. (a) (i) Realize the IIR system with difference equation

$$y(n) + \frac{1}{4}y(n-1) - \frac{1}{8}y(n-2) = x(n) - 2x(n-1) + x(n-2) \text{ in cascade}$$
and parallel form. (7)

(ii) Determine H(z) for Chebyshev filter satisfying the following specifications.

$$0.8 \le |H(e^{j\omega})| \le 1 \text{ for } 0 \le \omega \le 0.2\pi$$

$$|H(e^{jw})| \le 0.2 \text{ for } 0.6\pi \le \omega \le \pi$$

Assume T = 0.1 sec. Apply bilinear transformation method. (6)

Or

- (b) (i) Design a high pass filter using Hamming window with a cut-off frequency of 1.2 radians/sec and N = 9. (7)
 - (ii) Summarize the factors that decide the choice of window in FIR filter design using windowing techniques. Also compare the merits and demerits of windowing techniques. (6)
- 15. (a) Sketch the block diagram of typical digital signal processor and explain the functional elements. (13)
 - (b) (i) Illustrate the different addressing formats of a DSP processor with examples. (7)
 - (ii) Highlight the features of a commercial digital signal processor. (6)

PART C —
$$(1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ marks})$$

16. (a) Explain how digital signal processors can be used to implement Biomedical Signal Processing Algorithms with a case study of your choice.

Or

- (b) Suggest a DSP Architecture required for a DSP device to implement each of the following
 - (i) FIR filter
 - ii) 8 point DIT FFT.