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Question Paper Code: 41247

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2013.

Seventh Semester

Electrical and Electronics Engineering

080280071 — EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

(Common to B.E. (Part-Time), Sixth Semester, Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

(Regulation 2008)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Why is power consumption important in embedded systems?
- 2. What is the role of RAM in an embedded system?
- 3. Compare: CISC and RISC architecture.
- 4. What is Fragmentation?
- 5. What are the features of USB protocol?
- 6. Write the features of I2C.
- 7. What are the OS units at an RTOS kernel?
- 8. Differentiate between process and thread.
- 9. Compare: OS and RTOS.
- 10. Define Emulator.

11.	(a)	(i)	Define embedded systems and give their classification. (6)
		(ii)	Explain the different program layers in embedded software with a suitable block diagram. (10	
			Or	
	<i>(</i> 1.)	T :4		
	(b)		and explain the basic hardware and software required to develop the edded application.	3
12.	(a)	micr	at are the built-in components available on typical modern coprocessor? How does each component help to develop a real time edded application? Explain.	
			Or	
	(b)	(i)	In what kind of memory would you store each of the following Justify your answer. (12)	
			(1) A user-configurable name for a printer attached to a network that the printer should remember even if the power fails.	
			(2) The data that your program just received from the network.	
	-		(3) The program for an intelligent VCR of which your company hopes to sell ten million units.	7
			(4) The programs for a beta version of an x-ray machine that your company is about to ship to several hospitals on an experimental basis.	
		(ii)	What are the different types of memory inside embedded systems? Where are they used for? (4)	
13.	(a)	(i)	Explain three modes of serial communication, 'synchronous' iso-synchronous' and 'asynchronous' from the serial devices with one example each. (9)	1
		(ii)	Describe the CAN bus with its frame formats. (7))
			Or	
	(b)	(i)	Explain the following parallel communication devices:	
			(1) ISA bus	
			(2) PCI and PCI/X (8))
		(;;)		
		(ii)	How do you write device driver? List the steps involved in writing a device driver. (8)	

14.	(a)	(i)	How are interrupts different from polling? Under what conditions polling is better than interrupts. (9)
		(ii)	Define: Interrupt overrun. How to prevent interrupt overrun? (7)
			\mathbf{Or}
	(b)	(i)	Draw and Explain: Thread state diagram for Preemptive and non-preemptive kernel. (8)
		(ii)	Explain the Procedure for writing interrupt service routine in C. (8)
15.	(a)	(i)	Explain: RTOS task and task state. (8)
		(ii)	How does the interrupt work in RTOS environment? Explain. (8)
		· · ·	Or
	(b)	(i)	Write the action plan to follow while designing an embedded system. (9)
		(ii)	What is a target system? How does the target system differ from the final embedded system? (7)