Reg. No.

Question Paper Code : 51534

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY/JUNE 2016

Seventh Semester

Electrical and Electronics Engineering

EI 2311 / EI 65 / 10133 EI 606 – BIOMEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION

(Common to Sixth Semester Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering and Fifth Semester – Instrumentation and Control Engineering)

(Regulations 2008/2010)

(Common to PTEI 2311 – Biomedical Instrumentation for B.E. (Part-Time) Sixth Semester – EEE – Regulations 2009)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions. PART – A $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. List the ranges of variation of human cells in diameter and in length.
- 2. Name any three types of physiological systems of human body.
- 3. Draw the normal waveform of an ECG for one cardiac cycle indicating the various segments.
- 4. What is the cause for the occurrence of Gross shock in Electrical safety of medical environment?
- 5. Give the two values of blood pressure using direct method.
- 6. What is the use of body plethysmograph?
- 7. Give any two types of medical Imaging devices.
- 8. Compare two types of patient monitoring systems.
- 9. What is fibrillation ?
- 10. What is meant by diathermy?

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$PART - B (5 \times 16 = 80 Marks)$

11.	(a)	Explain the term "Resting potential" of the cell in the body. Describe with a
		figure the cross section of a cell with its resting potential. $(4 + 12)$
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	(b)	Explain with a diagram depicting the structure of the heart in the cardio vascular
		system with briefly on one method ECG measurement. (8 + 8)
		B.E.B.Tech DECREE EXAMINATION, MANJHINE 2016
12.	(a)	(i) What is the purpose of electrodes ? Name the two types of electrodes used
		in practice. $(4+2)$
		(ii) Explain with a neat circuit diagram the chopper - stabilized operational
		amplifier in medical Electronics. $(5+5)$
13.	(a)	(i) Briefly describe the distribution and diffusion measurements with regard
15.	(a)	to pulmonary function. $(2+2)$
		(ii) What is the use of spirometer ? Explain with a diagram the construction
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		and working of classic water-sealed spirometer. $(2+4+6)$ OR
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	(b)	(i) Explain the automated digital blood gas analyser. (6)
		(ii) Define the process of diffusion. Explain the chemical analysis method of
		measurement for the determination of the amount of diffusion. $(4+6)$
		$PART - A. (10 \times 2 = 20 Marks)$
14.	(a)	Explain with a block diagram the working of a basic X-ray machine. (8 + 8) OR
	(b)	Describe with a block schematic the microprocessor - based bedside patient
		monitoring instrument. $(8+8)$
		segments
15.	(a)	(i) Briefly the term 'Ventilators''. (4)
		(ii) What are the advantages of DC defibrillators over AC defibrillators ?
		Describe with a circuit the working of a DC defibrillator. $(4+4+4)$
		Give the two values of blood pressure using O
	(b)	What is meant by dialysis ? Explain with a simplified block diagram the
	(0)	construction of a dialyser. $(4+6+6)$