Reg. No. :

# Question Paper Code: 13932

M.E. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JANUARY 2015.

First Semester

Power Electronics and Drives

# PX 7101 — ANALYSIS OF ELECTRICAL MACHINES

(Common to M.E. Power Systems Engineering)

(Regulation 2013)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A —  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 1. Define magnetically coupled circuits.
- 2. State the term co-energy.
- 3. Draw the equivalent circuit of a separate field and armature excited DC shunt machine.
- 4. Explain the steady state operating characteristics of a shunt connected DC machine.
- 5. Write the notations of variables used in the different reference frame.
- 6. What is the necessity of transformation of variables from one reference frame to other?
- 7. Name the commonly used frame of reference for the description of behaviour of an induction motor.
- 8. Write the electromagnetic torque equation in terms of flux linkages of an induction motor.
- 9. Mention the number of circuits present in a typical stator and rotor windings of a synchronous machine.
- 10. What do you understand from the term dynamic performance of a synchronous machine?

## PART B — $(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$

11. (a) Explain the electromechanical energy conversion employing electric field as an means of transferring energy.

Or

- (b) Illustrate the winding arrangement of an elementary four pole, three phase, star connected salient pole synchronous machine with schematic diagram.
- 12. (a) Draw the schematic diagram of an elementary 2-pole DC machine and derive the expression for mutual inductance between the field winding and the armature.

### Or

- (b) Explain the dynamic performance of permanent magnet DC machine during starting and sudden changes in load torque.
- 13. (a) Let  $f_{as} = \cos t$ ;  $f_{bs} = \frac{1}{2}t$  and  $f_{cs} = -\sin t$  are signals in 'abc' frame; determine the expression for  $f_{ds}, f_{qs}$  and  $f_{0s}$  in ' $dq_0$ ' frame.

## Or

- (b) Explain the transformation of stationary circuit variables to the arbitrary reference frame for three phase inductive circuit.
- 14. (a) Derive the torque equation of a three phase induction motor in machine variables.

#### Or

- (b) Illustrate the dynamic performance of an induction motor during sudden changes in the load torque and fault.
- 15. (a) Derive the stator voltage equations of a synchronous machine in arbitrary reference-frame variables.

#### Or

(b) Explain the Park's equations of transformation of stator variables to rotor reference frame.