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Question Paper Code: 87057

M.E. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY/JUNE 2016

Elective

Electrical Drives and Embedded Control

PX 7204 – POWER QUALITY

(Common to M.E. Power Electronics & Drives / M.E. Power Systems Engineering)
(Regulations 2013)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions. $PART - A (10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Mention any six major PQ issues.
- 2. What are power acceptability curves. Mention its applications.
- 3. What are non linear loads. List any two used in practice.
- 4. Define power factor in terms of displacement and distortion factor.
- 5. What is current balancing?
- 6. Fundamental sequence component helps in PQ analysis. Justify.
- 7. How reference current helps in compensation?
- 8. Give the role of DSTATCOM in PQ improvement.
- 9. Distinguish compensator & active filter.
- 10. Draw the structure of UPQC.

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$PART - B (5 \times 13 = 65 Marks)$

11.	(a)	(i) (ii)	Enumerate the different Power Quality issues with suitable illustration. What are the causes of poor power factor. Illustrate. OR	(10) (3)			
	(b)	(i) (ii)	What is the importance of power quality standards? Explain. Differentiate and illustrate Waveform distortion and Voltage fluctuation Voltage sag and voltage swell.	(8)			
			voltage sag and voltage swen.	(3)			
12.	(a)	Analyze the power flow and power factor in case of a single phase sinusoidal source supplying a non linear load. (13)					
			OR,				
	(b)	(i)	Analyze a three phase unbalance system.	(7)			
		(ii)	Distinguish three phase three wire and four wire systems.	(6)			
13.	(a)	What	is load balancing problem? Explain Open and closed loop balancing. OR	(13)			
	(b)	Expla	ain the load compensation using instantaneous real and reactive power	r			
		metho	od.	(13)			
14	(a)	(i)	How reference currents are generated during source unbalance?	(5)			
	(4)	(ii)	Explain the working of DSTATCOM in voltage control mode. OR	(8)			
	(b)	Eluci	date the concept of reference current generation using instantaneous PC)			
	(-)		y and instantaneous symmetrical component theory.	(13)			
15.	(a)		nin the operation of				
		(i)	DVR	(6)			
		(ii)	Series Active Filter OR	(7)			
	(b)	Expla	nin the structure and working of UPQC in detail.	(13)			
16	(-)	(i)	PART – C ($1 \times 5 = 15$ Marks)				
16.	(a)	(i)	Explain the concept of power factor with its consequences. Illustrate how				
			the power factor can be improved with a capacitor. Use phasor diagram analysis.	(12)			
		(ii)	Differentiate ripple and harmonics.	(3)			
		(11)	OR	(3)			
	(b)	(i)	Explain the structure and working of a shunt active filter and highlight its	3.			
			role in the operation of UPQC.	(10)			
		(ii)	How active filters are superior than passive filters. Justify with their merits	3			
			and demerits.	(5)			