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## **Question Paper Code : X60257**

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2020 Fifth Semester Civil Engineering CE 2306/CE 1302/10111 CE 506/CE 55 – DESIGN OF REINFORCED CONCRETE ELEMENTS (Regulations 2008/2010)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

(IS 456 – 2000 and SP 16 – 1980, 459 – 1978 Design Charts Tables are Permitted) Use of relevant BIS standards and Handbook is permitted. Answer ALL questions

PART - A

(10×2=20 Marks)

- 1. Compare the stress strain curves of mild steel and Fe415 HYSD bar.
- 2. What is meant by partial safety factor ?
- 3. Why corner reinforcements are provided in a two way slab?
- 4. What is meant by doubly reinforced beam ?
- 5. Write down the effect of torsion in RC beams.
- 6. Write about local bond and anchorage length.
- 7. Define overturning on columns.
- 8. On what condition intermediate column is more suitable.
- 9. Give the general steps involved in the design of combined footing.
- 10. Name any four loads you would consider in the design of masonry walls.

## PART – B (5×16=80 Marks)

- 11. a) i) What are the advantages of limit state method ? (5)
  - ii) A reinforced concrete slab has an effective span of 5 m, and carries a uniformly distributed load of 6 kN/m<sup>2</sup> inclusive of its own weight. Determine 1) effective depth of the slab 2) steel reinforcement. Use M20 concrete and Fe 415 steel. (11) (OR)

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- b) A rectangular beam of breadth 300 mm and effective depth 800 mm with cover of 40 mm to centre of steel is to be designed for M 20 concrete and Fe 415 grade steel. Use working stress method. Determine the area of steel required if the moment due to characteristic load is 160 kNm. (16)
- 12. a) Design the interior panel of flat slab with drops for an office floor to suit the following data : Size of floor =  $25 \text{ m} \times 23 \text{ m}$ Size of panels =  $5 \text{ m} \times 5 \text{ m}$ Loading class  $4 \text{ kN/m}^2$ Materials M 20 grade concrete and Fe 415 HYSD bars. (16) (OR)
  - b) A T beam slab floor of an office comprises of a slab 150 mm thick spanning between ribs spaced at 3 m centres. The effective span of the beam is 8 m. Live load on floor is 4 kN/m<sup>2</sup>. Using M 20 grade concrete and Fe 415 HYSD bars, design one of the intermediate T beams. (16)
- 13. a) A simply supported beam is 5 m in span and carries a load of 75 kN/m. If 6 Nos. of 20 mm bars are continued into the supports, check the development length at the supports assuming M-20 grade concrete and Fe-415 grade steel. (16) (OR)
  - b) Determine the reinforcement required for a rectangular beam section with the following data :
    Size of the beam = 300 mm × 500 mm
    Factored bending moment = 80 kNm
    Factored torsional moment = 40 kNm

Factored shear force = 70 kN

14. a) Design the longitudinal, and lateral reinforcements in a rectangular reinforced column of size 300 mm × 400 mm subjected to a design ultimate load of 1200 kN and a ultimate moment of 200 kN/m with respect to the major axis. Adopt M20 concrete and Fe415 grade reinforcements. (16)

(OR)

- b) Design a column to carry an axial load of 1500 kN and bending moment about major axis as 150 kNm. The height of column is 5m. (16)
- 15. a) Design a reinforced concrete footing for rectangular column of section 300 mm × 500 mm supporting an axial factored load of 1500 kN. The safe bearing capacity of soil at site is 185 kN/m<sup>2</sup>. Adopt M-20 grade concrete and Fe-415 HYSD bars. (16)

(OR)

b) Design a RCC footing for a wall to carry a load of 5 kN/m. The thickness of brick wall is 200 mm. The safe bearing capacity of soil at site is 200 kN/m<sup>2</sup>. Adopt M-20 grade concrete and Fe-415 HYSD bars. (16)

(16)