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Question Paper Code : 31028

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY/JUNE 2013.

Eighth Semester

Civil Engineering

080100067 — EARTHQUAKE RESISTANT STRUCTURES

(Regulation 2008)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Use of IS 1893 and IS 13920 are permitted.

PART A — (10 × 2 = 20 marks)

1. Distinguish between a static problem and a dynamic problem.
2. What are the different types of structural vibration?
3. What is the principle behind the working of an accelerometer?
4. Define the terms: critical damping and beating phenomenon.
5. Give two examples for two degrees of freedom systems.
6. What are the characteristics of a strong earthquake ground motion?
7. What the different types of seismic waves? Indicate their direction of propagation.
8. What is a response spectrum?
9. What is the cause of soil liquefaction?
10. Detail a reinforced concrete beam to column junction as per IS 13920.

PART B — (5 × 16 = 80 marks)

11. (a) A block of weight 700 N (moving between vertical guides) is supported by a spring of stiffness 10^6 N/m. The block is given an initial displacement of 50 mm with a velocity of 300 mm/sec.
 - (i) Determine the period of vibration, natural frequency, amplitude of motion, maximum velocity and maximum acceleration of the block.
 - (ii) If the return swing during second cycle is 40 mm in 0.3 seconds determine the damping ratio and damping coefficient of the system.

(8+8)

Or

- (b) Find the response for the forced vibration phase of the SDOF system shown in fig Q 11 b for zero initial conditions if $m = 3\text{kg}$, $k = 2000\text{N/m}$, $F_0 = 500\text{ N}$ and $t_1 = 0.2\text{ sec}$.

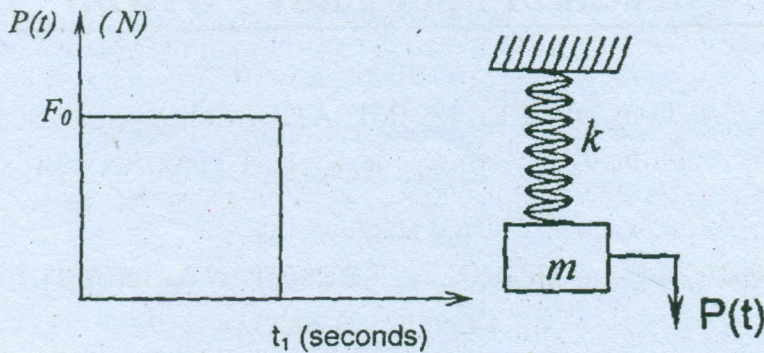


Fig Q 11 (b)

12. (a) Obtain the natural frequencies and mode shapes for the system shown in figure Q. 12 a. Also draw the mode shapes. Take $m = 3\text{ tons}$ and $k = 1000\text{ kN/m}$.

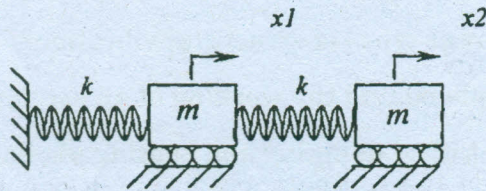


Fig Q 12 a

Or

- (b) Obtain the steady state response for forced vibration phase using modal analysis for the shear frame shown in figure Q 12 b. (stiffness, $k = 3000\text{ kN/m}$ and mass of each floor, $m = 1.5\text{ tons}$).

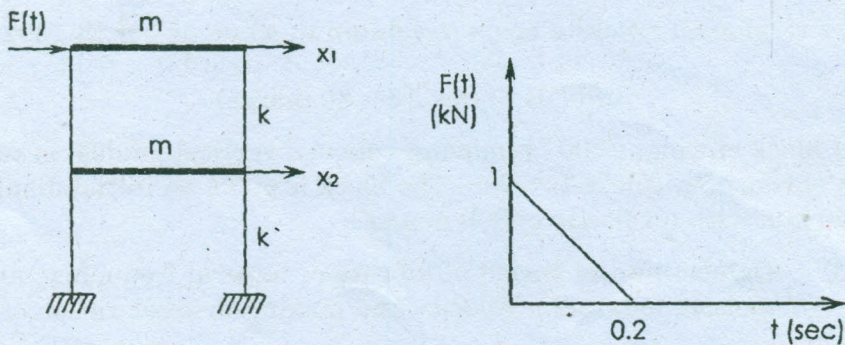


Fig Q 12 b

13. (a) Explain in brief the Indian seismicity and seismic zonation.

Or

(b) Explain the effects of soil-structure interaction due to seismic waves.

14. (a) Explain the concept of design spectrum with neat sketches.

Or

(b) Determine the design lateral forces at each level for a two story RC shear frame of a hospital building for the following data. Use Response spectrum method of IS 1893-2002.

Seismic weight of each floor	:	80 kN
Spacing between columns	:	3 m c/c
Height of each floor	:	3.1 m
Type of Structure	:	SMRF
Location of the building	:	Chennai
Type of soil	:	Rock
Combined stiffness of ground floor columns	:	3000 kN/m
Combined stiffness of first floor columns	:	2500 kN/m

15. (a) Explain briefly the concepts of seismic design with reference to design philosophy, methodology and building configurations.

Or

(b) Explain the step by step procedure of the analysis and design of a RC frame subjected to seismic forces.
